

Seaworthy STEM[™] in a Box Series







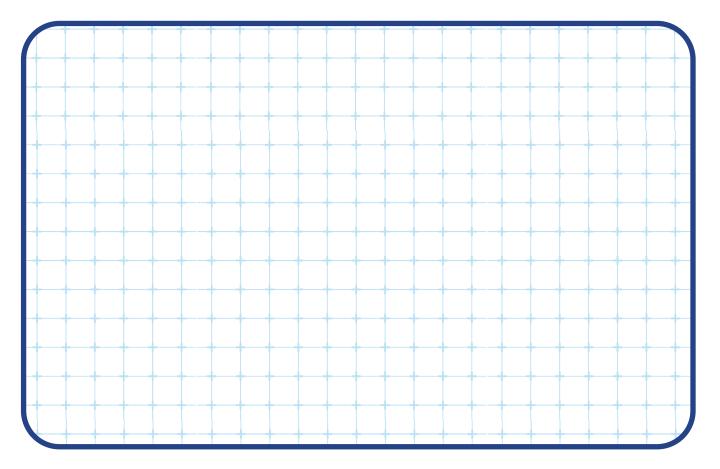
DIY Hydrophone

Before starting your experiment, <u>draw</u> your DIY hydrophone and how you have placed the hydrophone in the water.



Fun Fact!

Sonar is used to identify, track, and navigate safely in the ocean. With advances in technology, newer-generation submarines are extremely quiet and hard to detect in the noisy ocean environment due to new technology in engineering design.



Fun Fact!

The DDG 1000 is one of the newest naval ships! Its sleek shape is not only cool to look at but purposefully designed this way! The composite superstructure significantly reduces radar cross section and other signatures, making the ship harder to detect by enemies at sea.



2 Inside each box, <u>draw</u> and <u>label</u> what objects you tested with your hydrophone. Under sound, use the text box below and <u>describe</u> the sound you heard when the object hit the bottom of the container.

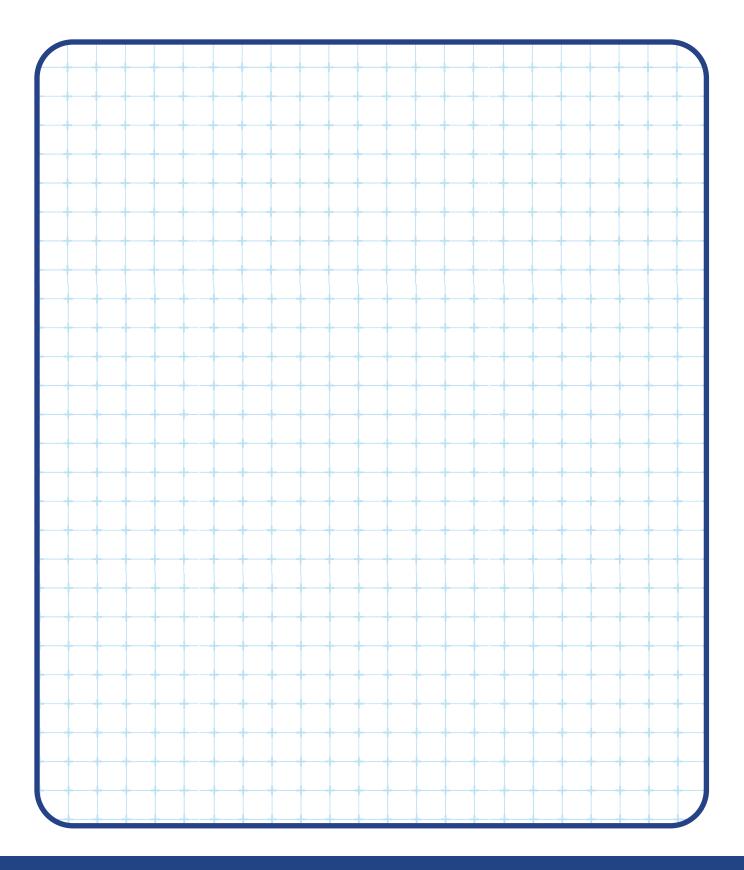
Object 1	Object 2	Object 3
Sound:	Sound:	Sound:

Text Box:							
	Soft	Quiet	:	Loud	Gentle	Silent	
	Н	ligh	Low	Explos	ive	Faint	Sharp



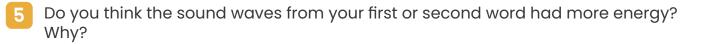
DIY Hydrophone 3

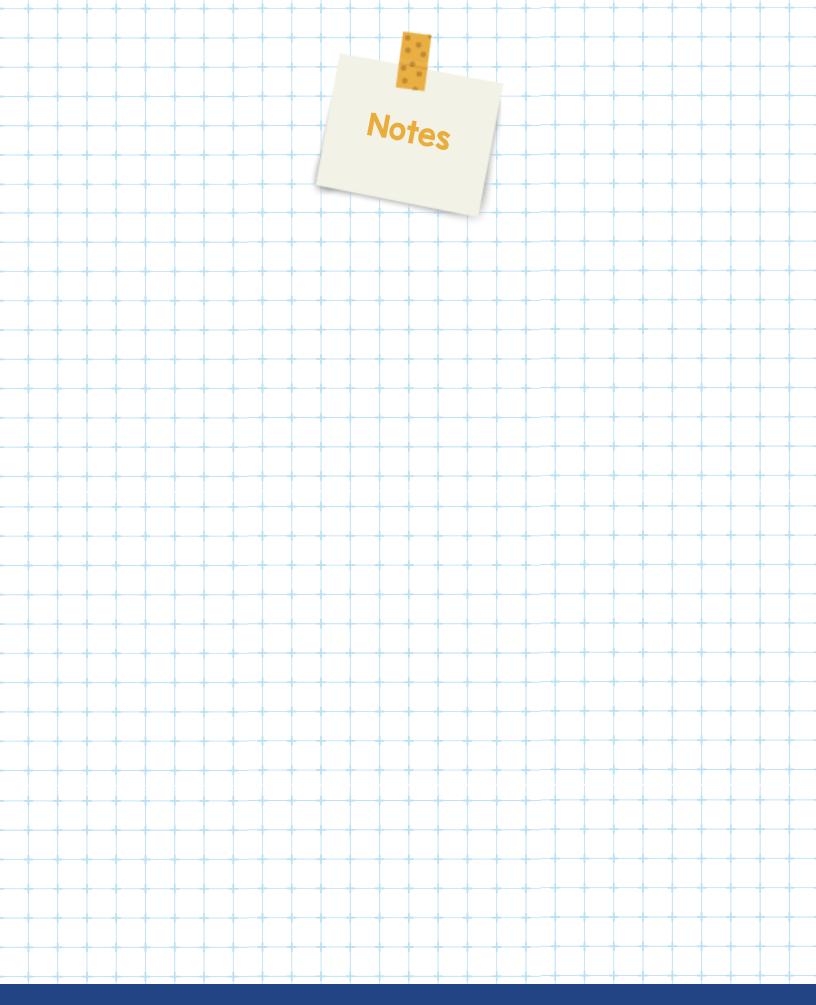
3 <u>Listen</u> to the sounds being made when objects are dropped. How do you think sound waves move in the water and through the hydrophone? In the box below, <u>sketch</u> you listening to the sounds in the water. Then <u>draw</u> how you think the sound waves travel to your ear.



Extension Activity:

Use your plastic cup telephone with a partner. Say "telephone" softly into the cup. Then say "telephone" in a normal volume into your cup. Could your partner hear you? Which was louder: the first word or the second word? Why do you think this happened?





#SeaworthySTEM

DIY Hydrophone Engineering Notebook



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